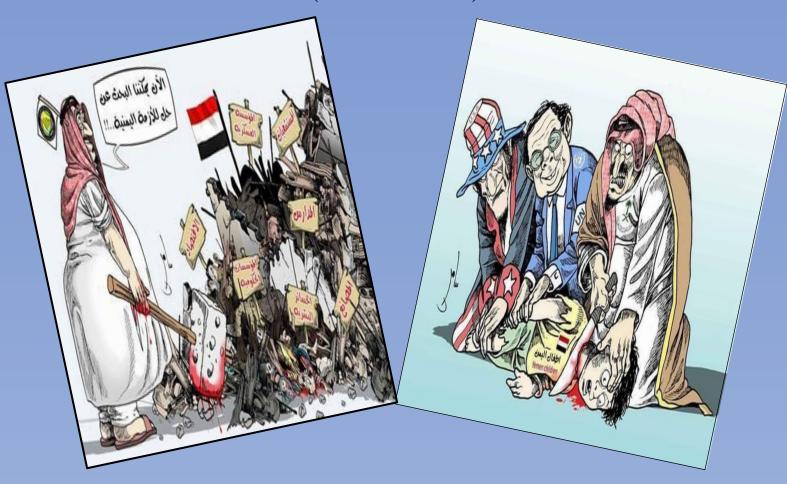
REPUBLIC OF YEMEN

The National Team For Foreign Outreach



The Periodical Report on the General Situation in the Republic of Yemen

(December 2019)



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POLITICAL PREFACE

- 1. As the nations of the world are preparing to celebrate the New Year Festival announcing the advent of the New Year 2020, the lights of fireworks are scattered in the skies of Western capitals, and the streets are filled with hopes and joys, at the same time what reaches the Yemeni people are shipments of American, British, French, German, Spanish, and Brazilian phosphorous bombs, accompanied by highly explosive missiles which fall on Yemeni children and women, destroying their schools, roads, hospitals and all aspects of the country's infrastructure.
- 2. These countries replace the voices of their peoples' joys with the groaning and whining of our children and women, and illuminating their skies with the fire of their warplanes, instead. They do this for the fifth year successively only for one reason, that's, to kneel down to the Saudi-Emirates dirty money. They cheaply sold their principles, morals and humanitarian history for a handful of dollars, saturating their greed under the disguise of defending the legitimacy of a president who no longer realizes that he is a president since he has stayed for six years in Riyadh hotels. He understands well his constitutional, popular and moral illegitimacy, and that he is merely used as a peg for killing his own countrymen and preventing the Yemeni people from regaining their dignity, pride and independence like any other free people in the world.
- 3. Despite all of this, the supposed weak Yemeni people have demonstrated extraordinary instances of heroism and victory over their enemies, and they invite all the free people of the world to prepare for participation in celebrating the upcoming inevitable great triumph over the powers of oppression and arrogance.

ECONOMIC SITUATION

Food Trucks

Food Warehouses

Airports Factories 4

- 4. The occupation countries, led by Saudi Arabia and the UAE, have been hindering the payment of public sector employees' salaries since the relocation of CBY administration from the Capital, Sana'a, to Aden Governorate.
- 5. The Yemeni government in Sana'a showed that revenues from customs and tax duties for oil derivatives ships during the month of November, an amount of 6,212,231,986 Yemeni riyals, was deposited in the account of the Salary Initiative. Until 30 November 2019, the total revenues deposited to the Salary Account in the Central Bank of Yemen in Hodeidah Governorate amounted to 11,863,474,243 Yemeni riyals.
- 6. The Yemeni government in Sana'a called the United Nations to take its responsibilities seriously and compel the other party to implement and fulfill its obligations by supplying the amount of the deficit between the total costs of salaries and the balance accumulated in the Salary Account. Again, the revenues of Crude Oil for the month of November collected from the governorates of Hadhramaut, Marib, and Shabwah, occupied by the war coalition led by Saudi Arabia and the UAE, amounted to 86 billion riyals, where more than 2,523,648 barrels of oil were produced with a total value of 156,466,176 dollars, based on the average price of Brent Crude for November.
- 7. The Yemeni Oil Company in Sana'a asserted on Friday that the Saudi-led coalition continued to detain nine oil ships despite obtaining international licenses to cross to the port of Hodeidah.

Statistics of the economic and agricultural establishments targeted by the Saudi-led coalition air strikes in various governorates during the month of (December 2019)											
Enterprise	Si	ze of damag	e	Notes							
	Destroyed	Damaged	Total	Notes							
Agricultural Fields	35	55	90	Including all types of farms as well as agricultural nurseries and equipment							
Markets	2		2	Including official and popular markets and commercial complexes							
Shops & Businesses	11	62	73	Includes all commercial food and non-food stores							
Poultry Farms	1		1								
Animals	19		19	Including sheep, cows, camels, donkeys and others							

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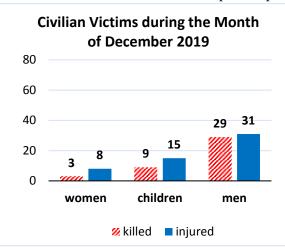
HUMANITARIAN SITUATION

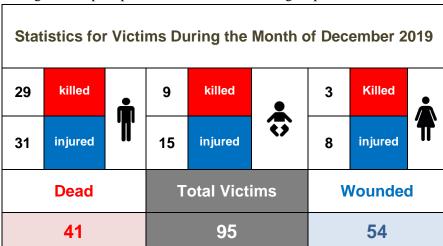
- 8. Amid the deteriorating humanitarian situation and the damage that Yemen and its people have suffered, the Saudi-led coalition of war on Yemen reached its sixth year. During 2019, new epidemics and deadly diseases spread, exacerbating the suffering of Yemenis, as the economic situation continues to deteriorate and the ratio of violations increases, especially in southern cities.
- 9. The disaster of the war on Yemen by the Saudi-Emirates coalition countries and the humanitarian crises it has left remain the biggest in the world, as described by the United Nations Office for the Coordination of Humanitarian Affairs (OCHA), which asserts that 24 million Yemenis (80% of the population) are in urgent need of food and medicines.
- 10. The OCHA indicates that 14 million Yemenis cannot access direct healthcare services, and that 50% of healthcare facilities are suspended, while the rest do not provide services appropriately due to lack of medicines. It also confirms that more than 15 million Yemenis do not have access to pure water, which has caused many epidemics to spread.
- 11. The Ministry of Public Health and Population describes the health condition in Yemen as tragic, indicating that some of the epidemics, which had disappeared, have returned back at a higher rate during 2019. The Saudi-Emirates coalition's destruction of the infrastructure and health services and the continuation of the blockade and the closure of all ports have contributed to the difficulty of treating these epidemics.
- 12. During the fifth year of the war, H1N1 emerged and spread remarkably in the governorates of Taiz and Sana'a. According to statistics revealed by the Ministry of Health, infection and suspected cases of this disease have reached more than 650 cases, of which 125 have died in all governorates of the Republic of Yemen.
- 13. The International Committee of the Red Cross (ICRC) notes that 3.2 million children and women in Yemen are severely malnourished, and that 50% of the children suffer from permanent stunting. This confirms that the aggravated situation and the suffering to which the Yemenis are subjected did not stop with epidemics and diseases, but also reached famine and malnutrition. Besides, their consequences were apparent in the lives of the Yemeni population during 2019.
- 14. The lives of children were directly affected by the Saudi-led coalition in its war on Yemen, where reports of international and non-international organizations indicate the following:
 - The OCHA and ICRC assert that the war on Yemen has destroyed more than two thousand schools, and caused the deprivation of two million children of education, and 7.4 million children in Yemen need humanitarian assistance.
 - The economic conditions caused by the war on Yemen have deprived children of enjoying life and forced them to go to the insecure and unfair labor market, which does not have any legal and humanitarian guarantees.
 - According to United Nations estimates, there are more than a million children in the labor market, and their great
 concern has become how to manage themselves to secure basic needs for themselves and their families to survive.
 This is mainly due to the deteriorating economic conditions resulting from the Saudi-led war on Yemen, the
 complete blockade and the Coalition's deliberate interruption of civil servants salaries since August 2017.
 - The war on Yemen has led to shattering families in various governorates of the Republic, so that children in particular suffered from psychological conditions, due to the fragmentation of families and the lack of communication between some of their members. According to international reports, there are at least 1,200 children who are not accompanied by their families and separated from their parents.
- 15. The International Organization for Migration (IOM) revealed the displacement of four hundred thousand Yemenis since the beginning of 2019, due to the war. It explained in a recent report that war on Yemen, which has continued for five years, has displaced more than three million people. The war has left a great internal displacement; some of them are in camps that lack the most basic necessities.
- 16. The situation gets more aggravated in the southern governorates with the UAE-backed Transitional Council taking control of Aden on 10 August 2019, through the following:
 - Increase in cases of forced displacement based on identity, which affected more than two thousand citizens of the South.
 - Excessive restrictions on freedom of press and continued arbitrary arrests. Besides, the series of assassinations
 increased alarmingly, especially as the countries of the war coalition against Yemen, led by Saudi Arabia and the
 UAE, spread the discourse of hatred among the people of the southern governorates. In addition, the number of
 cases of looting of private and public property has remarkably increased.

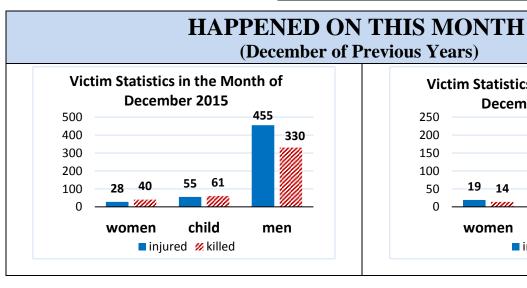


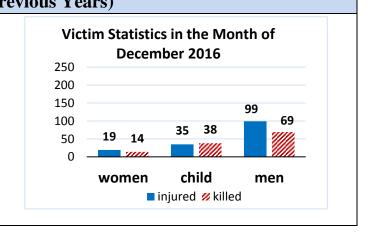
VIOLATIONS AND CRIMES

- 17. During the month of December 2019, the countries of the Saudi-led war coalition against Yemen continue to target and bombard the populated cities and villages in the various governorates of the Republic through their warplanes and the armed groups supported by them. This has led to killing and wounding many of the people of those cities and villages.
- 18. The countries of the war coalition continue to destroy vital facilities and infrastructures that are indispensable for the survival of people's lives.
- 19. The coalition countries, through the groups of mercenaries supported by them, continue to violate the provisions of the Swedish Agreement, by firing various areas in Hodeidah Governorate with different types of light and heavy weapons. This indicates that the coalition countries are hindering the implementation of the provisions of the Swedish Agreement, and this will lead to the impediment of peace and stabilization in Hodeidah in particular and the region beyond.
- 20. The arbitrary restrictions imposed by the coalition countries continue to prevent the entry of ships and vessels loaded with the basic materials for the lives of Yemenis including foodstuffs, medicine and oil and gas derivatives from entering the port of Hodeidah. There are still more than seven ships loaded with oil derivatives at sea; they are not allowed to enter Hodeidah seaport despite having the UN pass permit documents after being inspected.

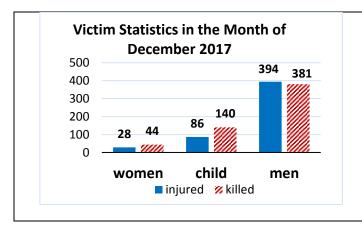


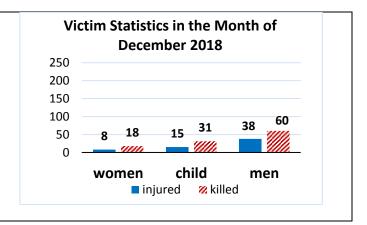














Statistics of the number of air raids and missile and artillery bombing launched by the Saudi-led Coalition this month in various provinces (December 2019)

Governorate	Air Raid	Rocket Bombing	Artillery Bombing	Cluster Bombs	Sound Bombs	Light Bombs	Drone	Warships	Total Number
al Jawf	33	26							59
Hodeidah		2,846	4,224	2					7,072
al Dhale'e		52							52
Hajjah	9								9
Saada	75	478	1,123	2					1,678
TOTAL	117	3,402	5,347	4	0	0	0	0	8,870

Statistics of Destroyed and Damaged Facilities During December 2019 28 Schools & Government Mosques **Food Storage** Roads & Airport **Educational Centers** Buildings Warehouses **Bridges** 90 37 **Tourist Facilities** Means of Markets **Hospitals & Civilian Homes Agricultural** Transportation **Health Facilities** Fields **Factories** Commercial University **Poultry Farms &** Food Trucks Sheep & Cattle Cattle Barns **Facilities** Institutions



STORY OF THE MONTH

(Dengue Fever Epidemics!)

Shorouk Yahya, 26, lived with a poor and simple family. She was helping her mother and aunt at home (in Hodeidah governorate), and suddenly she got tired and sick. Her aunt took care of her and provided her with the required things to relieve her pains, but that was in vain. Her illness and pain increased and got more aggravated while she was laying on bed groaning and aching severely. Her family lost any hope in saving her life and relieving her pain with some of the medications and materials that many families use to relieve the pain and minor aches that emerge every now and then. Then, her aunt had to rush out of the house to search for any means of transportation to transfer her niece to the nearest hospital in their neighborhood. However, she could find no car in the deserted streets as the armed groups of the aggression coalition countries targeted and burned any car that crossed the main street. Shorouk's aunt persistently spared no effort and resorted to one of the motorcyclists to help her transfer her niece to the hospital on the motorcycle. Indeed, he helped her and transferred her to the hospital. After that, they arrived to a hospital, which was crowded with a large number of patients suffering from various diseases, especially new diseases that have commonly spread in Hodeidah, including (dengue fever, diphtheria, cholera, etc.).

After being placed in the emergency room, the doctors began examining and checking her condition to make sure of the type of illness that Shorouk suffered from. After doing the needful to her, it became clear to the doctors that she was severely infected with dengue fever. Then, they realized that they have no power to save her life, especially when the hospital she was transferred to does not have the proper medicine to eliminate such a deadly disease. Even pharmacies near the hospital do not have the medicine. Generally, the hospitals and pharmacies in Hodeidah Governorate do not have any medicine that eliminates such epidemics which have suddenly emerged in Hodeidah governorate and infected hundreds of its inhabitants with this disease.

As a result, and due to the doctors' helplessness, Shorouk Yahya ultimately passed away. Her life could have been saved and also the lives of many patients carrying such a disease and other chronic diseases in Hodeidah and in the various governorates of the Republic of Yemen. However, the deliberate blockade of the countries of war coalition on Yemen and their imposed arbitrary restrictions have prevented entry of various medications, especially those related to dengue, diphtheria and cholera. They have also prevented millions of patients from travelling abroad for life-saving medical treatment through Sana'a airport.

With pained and grief-stricken heart, with desperate eyes pouring tears, Shorouk's aunt left the hospital carrying her dead niece on her shoulder. In such a tear-jerking scene, she left silently as if she would scream mournfully "Where is the United Nations? Where are the humanitarian organizations? Where is the international community that once had promised and did not fulfill its promise (implementing the air bridge through Sana'a airport)?" These questions remained unanswered, as the UN remained silent, did not move a finger, did not bring medicine and did not help a patient who looks forward to saving his/her life. Instead, the UN rather watches with complicity the coalition countries buying various types of weapons and chemicals that infect the Yemenis with various modern diseases.